

ESTABLISHED 1823.

INDIANAPOLIS, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1895.

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(INCORPORATED.) TEL. 1453.
84 EAST WASHINGTON ST.
Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

It is what you save, not what you earn, that will make you rich. Then trade at the MONARCH, where you save money on every purchase.

Best Roller Process Flour, per brl. \$4.25
New Potatoes, per bush. 90c
Dressed Chickens, per lb. 12c
Spring Ducks, per lb. 14c
Armour's Cal. Hams, per lb. 8 1/2c
Best Leaf Lard, kettle rendered, per lb. 10c
Fresh Dairy Butter, per lb. 15c
Best Quality Malt or Cider Vinegar, per gal. 20c
Large Bottle Pickles. 15c
Large Bottle Catsup. 10c
Quart Bottle Ammonia. 10c
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10 Bars Olive Laundry Soap. 25c
Golden Rio Coffee, fresh roasted. 25c
Crushed Java, per lb. 16c
Our Hoffman House Java and Mocha, per lb. 35c
Has no equal.

All kinds of Teas. 25c and up
Messina Lemons, per dozen. 15c
Apples, Oranges, Bananas, etc., etc.

FRESH MEATS—Finest Quality and Low Prices

COKE
REDUCED

6c for LUMP per Bushel

8c for CRUSHED per Bushel

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INDIANAPOLIS GAS COMPANY.

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Showers.

A Day of
Big Money Saving

These unmatched bargains are offered for this day only:

Men's \$10, \$12, and \$15 Suits at

\$5.00

Men's \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 Pants at

69 cts.

Many odds and ends—some slow-selling patterns in suits—some slightly damaged pants—all great values.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS—Fine Percales and Organdies—98c. Choice of Ladies' STAR Shirt Waists, \$1.75. Boys' Laundered Percale Waists, 50c.**REMNANT FURNISHINGS SALE**—All kinds of ties, worth 25c to \$1—at 10c, 15c and 25c. Balbriggan Underwear, worth 50c and 75c, at 38c.**PROAGRAMME**

For this evening's Balcony Concert by the Indianapolis Military Band, weather permitting:

The Homestead March.
Pavane in the Gait.
Jolly Fellows Waltz.
Tone Pictures of the North and South.
Euphonia Solo. "My Pretty Jane".
Mr. S. R. Rembusch.
"Douglas Club" Two-step.
Schellmuth

The When

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.

Wholesale Jobbers and Importers

Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc.

(Exclusively Wholesale)

Wool has advanced 20 per cent. from its lowest point.

Now is the time to buy yarns.

Our Special Grades Are:

SOUTHDOWN (pure wool for hand knitting),
BLACK BEAR SPANISH, AA GERMAN KNITTING WORSTED,
IMPORTED RED BEAR SAXONY, MARIGOLD AMERICAN SAXONY,
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Orders for samples and prices assured prompt attention.

HIGHEST HONORS AT THE FAIR OVER
OUR HIGH-PRICED COMPETITORS**Cimax**
BAKING
POWDER
Purest and BestLESS THAN HALF THE PRICE
OF OTHER BRANDS*** POUNDS . . . 20c; ***
HALVES, 10c; QUARTERS, 5c.
SOLD IN CANS ONLYWHY DON'T YOU TRY A POUND?
IT SAVES YOU 100 PER CENT.**Big 4 Route**

Liederkrantz Excursion

TO

LAFAYETTE, IND., and RETURN

Sunday, July 28, 1895.

\$1.25 Round Trip \$1.25

Special train leaves Indianapolis 8 a. m., and returning leaves Lafayette 8 p. m. daily. For tickets call on committee of Liederkrantz Society, Big Four offices, No. 21 East Washington street, 26 Jackson place and Union Station.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BIG 4 ROUTE

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On and after Monday, July 22, train No. 10, leaving Indianapolis at 4:30 p. m. daily, will run through to Warsaw, arriving there at 12:30 p. m. and the returning train, No. 11, will on and after Tuesday, July 23, leave Warsaw at 8:15 a. m. Both trains will stop at principal stations.
H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year

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SUMMER RESORTSHOTEL ST. JOSEPH ON THE BEACH,
St. Joseph, Mich.Now open. The resort par excellence of the Lake Region. Just the place for Indianapolis business men and their families; eight hours ride with elegant train service direct to hotel. Fishing, sailing, dancing and many other amusements. First-class orchestra service equal to any first-class hotel anywhere. For descriptive circulars and rates, address:
YOUNG & SPRINGSTEN, Managers.**C. H. & D. R. R.**

CINCINNATI

AND RETURN

Sunday, July 21.

A special train leaves 7:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. See 20-Loggia Gardens and the famous Cincinnati attractions.

\$5 PUT-IN-BAY AND RETURN

Saturday, July 20.

Independent Travelers.

Tickets good on S. & W. and P. O. P. regular trains, and 11:50 p. m. special. Good to return for ten days. Tickets on sale at Union Station and West Washington street.

Geo. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

FRANK J. REED, G. P. A.

Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists

Expert Crown and Bridge Workers. Fine Artificial Teeth. Painless Extracting with Conine, Gas or Nitrous Oxide. Ladies' entrance (ground floor), Deane Hotel.

coln. Neb.; secretary, W. F. Kemper, St. Louis; treasurer, E. G. Lohmeyer, Newport, Ky. The grievance committee made a report favoring the dropping of the New York State from the national organization. The New York organization for some time has been having a little fight among its members and is largely in debt. The matter was referred to the incoming officers, and they were instructed to try to get a reorganization of New York Jewellers.

MARION CLEVELAND.**The President and His Wife Choose a Name for Their Baby.**

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., July 19.—Marion, a French rendition of the musical name Mary, has been decided on by President and Mrs. Cleveland as the name for the baby born to them about two weeks ago. The fact was officially announced by Private Secretary Thurber this afternoon. There was no unusual ceremony attendant on the naming of the baby, except that which occurs in any household on any such occasion. The naming was suggested by that of the beautiful spot on the shores of Buzzard's bay, in which the President and his wife passed several months previous to their selection of Gray Gables as the site of their summer home—Marion, Mass. Mrs. Cleveland has often been heard to praise the beauties of that locality.

The announcement of the name ends a period of considerable interest not only here, but all over the country. Letters from many parts have been received at Gray Gables offering suggestions.

BILLY WOODS BESTED**KNOCKED OUT BY O'DONNELL IN THE FIFTEENTH ROUND.**

Both Arrested Before the Fight, but Bailed Out—Maber Defeated by "Young Corbett."

MONTREAL, Quebec, July 19.—Great interest was manifested in the battle between Steve O'Donnell, champion Corbett's sparring partner, and Billy Woods, of Denver, in the Crystal Ring to-night. The big audience was crowded, and O'Donnell and Woods were arrested during the afternoon at the instance of the Citizens' League, but were bailed out by friends. No attempt was made to stop the fight, however, and both men were in good trim when they stepped into the ring.

O'Donnell was attended by Billy Delaney, Corbett's trainer, while Jim Duane, a local man, looked after Woods. Both men sparred gently in the first round and up to the fifth it was a beautiful exhibition of scientific boxing. In the fifth O'Donnell nearly had his man out with a wicked blow in the stomach. Woods took ten seconds to get up and just then the going sounded. From that to the end of the bout O'Donnell had Woods at his mercy. The Denver man was clearly outclassed, O'Donnell simply playing with him, though it was hard play. Woods was getting groggy at the tenth round. From the twelfth round Woods could hardly hold up his arms and hung around O'Donnell's neck to save himself from punishment. In the fifteenth O'Donnell gave Woods a smash which sent him down like a log and he was carried out of the ring at the expiration of the ten seconds.

Maber Knocked Out.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 19.—Before the Riverside Athletic Club, at Brooklyn, Anne Arundel county, Maryland, to-night, Tom West, a Chicago light weight, knocked Christ Johnson, a Baltimore middleweight, out in two minutes and fifty seconds. West rushed from the start and landed several face blows, which were staggerers. Once Johnson was out for seven seconds. When he got up he was an easy mark and West swung his right on his jaw, putting him to sleep for several minutes. The "go" was to have been eight rounds.

"Young Corbett" (George Green), of San Francisco, started in to go twenty rounds with "Shadow" Maber, of Australia. It was a slugging match from the start. No great science was displayed. Corbett was the stronger and Maber began to wobble in the third round. In the seventh round Maber was weak and wily. After a clinch he turned his back to Corbett and started across the ring. He got half way over, when Corbett sprang before him and with a left-hand swinging uppercut, caught Maber on the point of the jaw. He dropped to the stage and was out twenty seconds. Charlie White, of New York, was referee.

Dallas Wants the Big Fight.

DALLAS, Tex., July 19.—One of the largest meetings ever assembled in Dallas was assembled at the Commercial Club rooms at 6 p. m. for the purpose of calling out an expression of opinion and protesting against the proposed moving of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight from Dallas to Galvestone. The meeting was composed of over three hundred prominent citizens, merchants, traders, property owners, lawyers and others. Resolutions were adopted pointing out the advantages that will result to Dallas and the state if the fight occurs here. A committee of twenty was appointed to confer with the county officials with regard to the legality of the proposed fight.

BESIEGED BY REPORTERS.**Mr. Sayles Talks About His Visit to Ex-President Harrison.**

ROME, N. Y., July 19.—Hon. Joseph I. Sayles has returned home from Old Forge. To a reporter he said to-day: "I went to Old Forge on professional business. Incidentally, at the request of the Rome Lodge of American Mechanics, I asked General Harrison to deliver an address on the occasion of the outing of the Mechanics. The General declined. He went to the woods for rest, and he is trying to get it with what I call very poor results. The minute he comes out of his hotel with his hunting suit on reporters flock about him and ask for interviews. As far as I saw he made no statements in regard to the presidency.

"As to the talk I had with General Harrison, I consider that my own and his business is entirely private. I will not affirm or deny the stories of what he said. I have been connected with the general for some time. Whatever the statement made by a reporter, I have never intended to make any statement. Wednesday is false. I have made no remarks, except that I would not talk on the subject.

Quay Favors Reed or McKinley.

PITTSBURG, July 19.—Senator Matthew Stanley Quay has declared in favor of Reed or McKinley for President. This statement came out in an answer to a letter sent by James S. Smith, chairman of the Republican city committee of Williamsport, asking the Senator to define his position. In his answer the Senator says: "I am in favor of the nomination of either Reed or McKinley for President, whichever of the two seems more available when national opinion is taken into consideration. I am a personal friend of Senator Cameron, and our official relations are the most agreeable. I have never intended to make any statement for re-election, and it would certainly be most discourteous for me to declare either for or against my colleague in the absence of his pronounced candidacy, which can in no wise be affected by the present State fight. I am not in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1."

Buffalo Wants Republicans.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 19.—Under the chairmanship of Mr. E. H. Butler, editor of the Evening News, a committee of representative Republican citizens of Buffalo today began preliminary work as a committee to secure the national Republican convention for this city. The committee will go about the city endeavoring to secure the nomination of a businesslike and determined way, knowing that the people of the city are unanimously back of them.

HIDDEN IN A STOVE**CHARRED REMAINS OF MINNIE WILLIAMS FOUND AT CHICAGO.****Buttons and Jewelry Worn by the Missing Girl Discovered Among the Partly Incinerated Bones.****ONE OF HOLMES'S VICTIMS****THE TELL-TALE EVIDENCE FOUND IN THE BUILDING HE CONSTRUCTED.****Little Doubt Now that the Notorious Insurance Swindler Committed Many Horrible Crimes.****MRS. PIETZEL'S TWO GIRLS****THEIR REMAINS IDENTIFIED AT TORONTO BY THE MOTHER.****Circumstantial Evidence That Tends to Prove Holmes Buried the Bodies with His Own Hands.**

CHICAGO, July 19.—Another appalling crime will be laid at the door of H. H. Holmes, the notorious insurance swindler and the alleged murderer of the Pietzels. That Minnie Williams, of Fort Worth, Tex., met her death at the hands of Holmes there is scarcely a doubt. That she died in this city, in a violent manner, has been proven almost conclusively. Late to-night the police found in a stove, in the three-story brick building at No. 701 Sixty-third street, which was built by Holmes and in which both he and the Williams girl lived, a quantity of charred bones, buttons known to have been on a dress owned by Minnie Williams and partly melted portions of a watch chain which was positively identified as having been the property of the girl. The chain was instantly recognized by C. E. Davis, who occupies a portion of the store formerly used by Holmes when he was in the drug business, as one that he had seen Miss Williams wear and which he had on two separate occasions repaired for her. Davis also claimed to recognize the buttons as those he had seen on a dress worn by Miss Williams.

The ghastly discovery was made late to-night by a force of detectives working under the command of Inspector Fitzpatrick, who had all day been at work searching the building from cellar to garret. The floors were taken up in parts, the walls sounded, and the big iron vault carefully inspected. The walls of the vault were found to be heavily packed with asbestos, which, the police believe, was placed there for the purpose of deadening the sound. The search of the house was undertaken by the police, who, this morning, received a communication from the Philadelphia authorities. The building was carefully gone over, and the dummy elevator, which ran from the top floor of the building, where Holmes had his office, to the basement, without exit on the intervening floors, was tried and worked in every possible manner.

On the top floor in the room which was used by Holmes as an office stood an immense stove fully eight feet high and three feet in diameter, with a door sufficiently large enough to admit of the admission of a human body into the interior. An examination of the contents of this stove had never been made before. Inspector Fitzpatrick opened the door and poked carelessly among the debris with his cane. Almost the first thing he turned up was a hastily jerked it out and found used by Holmes as an office stool an imitation of possible identification as belonging to any particular portion of the body were also found. A number of small buttons, said to have been worn on the front of Miss Williams's dress, were picked up, as was also about six inches of a gold chain which she wore. The buttons were of a peculiar make, with strands of twisted wire running from the head up into the shank, which prevented their falling apart in the flame. All the ashes and debris removed from the stove were carefully preserved and taken to the police station, where a more careful examination will be made of them to-morrow.

The police are now of the opinion that not only Minnie Williams, but her younger sister, Anna, and the boy, Howard Pietzel, met death in this house. To-morrow morning, at 6 o'clock, they will renew the search of the house, beginning with the basement, which will be carefully dug up. They are of the opinion that they will find either the body of Anna Williams or that of Howard Pietzel before they have concluded their work.

MRS. PIETZEL'S DAUGHTERS.**The Much-Wronged Woman Identifies Her Children's Bodies.**

TORONTO, July 19.—To-day Mrs. Pietzel identified the bodies of the children found Monday night last in the cellar on St. Vincent street as those of her girls, Alice and Nellie. The latter she identified by her hair and the former by a peculiarity of the upper front teeth. She was not allowed to see any other part of the bodies, as both were in such an advanced state of decomposition that it was thought the shock would derange her. As it is, Mrs. Pietzel broke down completely and sobbed and cried throughout the trying ordeal and long afterward. Detectives Geyer, of Philadelphia, and Cuddy, of the local staff, and the doctors were perfectly satisfied with the identification.

The case with the Canadian authorities now have against Holmes is very complete, and is much stronger than that made out against him at Philadelphia, which fact leads a great many here to believe that the prisoner will certainly be extradited. Summed up, this is the case: Holmes has been traced from the United States to this city with the children. His identity was established at the Palmer House, and that of the children at the Albion. Then both murderer and victims were recognized at the very scene of the crime, not by one witness, but by several. An immediate motive for committing the deed is also clearly shown, being due to the fact that Mrs. Pietzel was in the city and might at any time meet the children on the street. Again, Holmes borrowed a spade on the last day that the girls were seen alive at the cottage or anywhere else, giving as his reason for doing so that he wished to make a bin for some potatoes, which statement was shown to be palpably false. All this, and his going away the next day are strongly corroborative facts from which Holmes will find it hard to escape. The finding of the body belonging to the little girls in the house and their partially burned clothing is also another link in the body of Alice, the eldest girl, was resumed at the Police Court to-night. McDonald, the lad who lived with his parents at No. 15 St. Vincent street, after Holmes had left the place, was the first witness examined. He told how he had found the bodies of the children, and how he had helped to remove them to a place in a closet in one of the bedrooms of the house. He did not know what became of any other of the articles, but because of its peculiarity he had kept the toy.

Mrs. Pietzel was the next witness. For the first few minutes of her examination she could hardly bear to hear of the matter, and the inquiry proceeded it gained strength, and towards the close she was speaking clearly. She told the story of Holmes's wanderings with the children as far as she knew of them; of her meeting with him, in fact the whole story that has been made public through the press. Her description of the stashed bodies of the children, as tallied with that given by the lad, she also stated that the snake toy did not belong to Howard, but was one of the treasures of the girl Nellie, who always carried it with her in the satchel.

DEAL INVOLVING \$30,000,000.**Combination of the Leading Paper Manufacturers of the Country.**

CHICAGO, July 19.—The Tribune to-morrow will say: Some of the largest paper manufacturers in the country, representing about three-fourth of the total output of the rolls used in the newspaper business have been at work several weeks trying to perfect the details of a combine of the several companies in one big corporation. While many dealers and consumers have known for some time that such a deal was contemplated, interested parties denied the rumor until yesterday, when it was practically admitted the plan was carried through. The deal involves a sum of \$30,000,000 and possibly several millions more. The plan proposed, the mills are to be purchased outright by the new concern, and the price paid will be as nearly uniform as possible, but will be graded according to the output of the mills. The average price will be about \$2,000 for each ton of daily production. Plants equipped with modern machinery will get the best rating while the smaller ones using ready made raw material will be appraised lower.

Wm. A. Russell, president of the Montague Paper Company, of Massachusetts, is the prime mover in the project, and has held numerous conferences with prominent paper manufacturers in New York and Boston. The question has been widely discussed, and met with favor everywhere. The total daily output of the country is said to be about 20,000 tons, and of this amount nearly one-half is represented by the concerns already supporting the "consolidation" plan. The movement has been worked almost exclusively in New York and New England, and members of the Western manufacturers have not yet been approached on the subject. It is said the Manufacturers' Paper Company is ready to enter the combine. This is the largest corporation in the country, being the authorized sales agent of the Hudson River Pulp and Paper Company, the Montague Paper Company, Turner Pulp Paper Company and Laurende Pulp Company, Limited.

No Request for Troops.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The questions raised by the injunction issued against Captain Beck, Indian agent at the Omaha and Winnebago reservations, in Nebraska, were briefly considered at a conference between Secretary Hoke Smith and Commissioner of Indian Affairs Browning this afternoon. It was decided that no fresh instructions should be issued to Captain Beck. He has been advised all along in the troubles there by the United States district attorney and by special counsel Brockbridge. His acts have been guided by these gentlemen in every case, and have been met with the approval of the department. Captain Beck has fully informed the department of the condition of affairs, but has made no request for troops. The department as yet has made no representation to the War Department on this point. Troops were asked for some time ago, but were refused at that time.

A "Baby" Torpedo Tested.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 19.—The torpedo boat Cushing went to Coddington Cove this morning and tested a new eight-foot "baby" torpedo. It was a new development of a speed of twenty-nine and one-half knots in thirty-three minutes, and that it will prove a formidable rival of the Whitehead torpedo. Officers of the Austrian school ship, Donau, were the test by invitation of Commodore Wallace.

John G. Luck's Double Crime.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 19.—John G. Luck entered his wife's room this morning at the Westminster Hotel, and finding her in bed, cut her throat. Her screams aroused other boarders, and Luck jumped to the ground from a window in the second story, severing his own windpipe before he leaped. Both are still alive. Luck, who is said to be the son of a wealthy family in Nashville, Tenn., suspected his wife of infidelity.

A Window Smasher Captured.

CHICAGO, July 19.—John B. Leoni, alias "John the Window Smasher," was captured by the police this morning. He had been on the loose for some time, having broken over one hundred plate-glass windows in the business portion of the city within the space of twelve months. He has caused a loss to merchants and insurance firms amounting to almost \$25,000. The man is insane.

established at the Palmer House, and that of the children at the Albion. Then both murderer and victims were recognized at the very scene of the crime, not by one witness, but by several. An immediate motive for committing the deed is also clearly shown, being due to the fact that Mrs. Pietzel was in the city and might at any time meet the children on the street. Again, Holmes borrowed a spade on the last day that the girls were seen alive at the cottage or anywhere else, giving as his reason for doing so that he wished to make a bin for some potatoes, which statement was shown to be palpably false. All this, and his going away the next day are strongly corroborative facts from which Holmes will find it hard to escape. The finding of the body belonging to the little girls in the house and their partially burned clothing is also another link in the body of Alice, the eldest girl, was resumed at the Police Court to-night. McDonald, the lad who lived with his parents at No. 15 St. Vincent street, after Holmes had left the place, was the first witness examined. He told how he had found the bodies of the children, and how he had helped to remove them to a place in a closet in one of the bedrooms of the house. He did not know what became of any other of the articles, but because of its peculiarity he had kept the toy.

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The doctors making the post mortem states that owing to the decomposed condition of the bodies it was almost impossible to make any definite statement as to internal violence. The stomach had not yet been analyzed. The inquest then adjourned until the evening of the 21st inst.

While this inquiry was in progress an inquest was being held at the morgue on the body of the child Nellie. After hearing evidence to show that the body was the one removed from the St. Vincent street house, the inquest was adjourned for one week.

Although the police think that Howard Pietzel, the little brother of the murdered girls, was made away with in Detroit, there are circumstances which will justify further investigation in this city. The doctor, the tenant of the house in St. Vincent street, made an effort to return to live there. The house had been thoroughly fumigated by the health department and Mr. Armbrust was advised that he could resume residence in it. He moved in again yesterday, but found the stench from the basement still so great that it was intolerable. The odor, however, does not appear to come from the basement where the little girls' bodies were found, but from the northeast front corner of the building. The detective department has been advised of this circumstance and further investigation of the premises is being made. The stench referred to become so bad that Armbrust and his family were compelled to vacate the premises again last night.

One theory is that the Mora claim was before the Cabinet in the shape of some proposition from the Spanish government for its settlement, and perhaps involved the element of long time, and consequently justified some hesitation before it could be disposed of. An idea broached was that there was an ugly question as to the fulfillment of our neutrality obligations towards Spain that had caused the sudden assemblage of the cabinet officers. This had some color from the fact that the particular officers gathered at the State Department this afternoon were just those who would be charged with the execution of the neutrality laws. The Secretary of State would be clothed with general supervision; the Attorney-general would look after the enforcement of the law ashore; the Secretary of the Treasury, through the collectors of customs and revenue cutters, would care for the ports and coasts, and the Secretary of the Navy would maintain the patrol in blue water. In further confirmation of this theory it is noted that the Spanish minister, Senor Dupuy De Lome, had suddenly arrived in Washington from Massachusetts, but a close search failed to discover his whereabouts, and Secretary Olney would not admit that he had seen him. There are those who believe that it was on this subject of neutrality which engaged the most serious attention of the cabinet officers. It is known that they have been watching narrowly the proceedings of the Cuban sympathizers, who have been operating in the United States, and it is believed that the open and questionable operations at the New York meeting lately, when a convention went through the forms of electing a President for Cuba, has given rise to some doubt on the part of our government as to whether this was a proceeding that did not in itself constitute, at least in spirit, an infraction of that principle of the neutrality laws which forbid the use of the United States as base of operations against a nation with which the United States is on terms of peace. If this view was taken of the matter by the Cabinet meeting to-day it is likely that it will be manifested through the issue of another presidential proclamation much more sweeping in its terms than that already put forth, warning the residents of this country against any infraction of the neutrality laws, and this in turn may be followed by instructions to the judicial officers of the government that will summarily check any hostile movements against the Spaniards in Cuba from this country.

UNDER CIVIL-SERVICE RULES.**All Pension Agency Employees Now Protected by Law.**

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The President has issued an order placing employees of all pension agencies under civil-service rules. The order was signed by President Cleveland on July 15, and takes effect from that date, but, owing to a clerical error, had to be returned to Gray Gables for rectification. The correct copy was received by the commission today. The order applies to foremen in the executive departments. The extension covers all the employees, five hundred in number, in the pension agencies of the country. These were classified on July 1 by the Secretary of the Interior and their salaries equalized. There are eighteen agencies, located at Chicago, St. Louis, Buffalo, Chicago, Columbus, O. Conover, S. H. Des Moines, Detroit, Indianapolis, Knoxville, Louisville, Milwaukee, New York city, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, San Francisco, Topeka and Washington City.

Report on the Erlerson Explosion.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A mail report from Lieut. N. R. Usher, inspector of the torpedo boat Erickson, has been received by the Navy Department, giving an account of the accident sustained by that boat while on her trial trip on Long Island sound, Wednesday. He says that at the time of the explosion the steam pressure was 220 pounds per square inch. Running down the course, from Cornfield light to Hartlett's reef lightship, the boat made the distance in 15 1/2 knots in thirty-three minutes and twenty seconds. The steam pressure then was 225 pounds. The engines worked without fault on this down run. The accident occurred just after the boat had started for the run back. The starboard low propeller

THEIR LIPS SEALED**CABINET OFFICERS CONFER ON A MATTER OF IMPORTANCE.****But Refuse to Give Any Hinting of the Question That Called Them Hurriedly Together.****SURMISES OF REPORTERS****MORA CLAIM AND FILIBUSTERERS PROBABLY UNDER CONSIDERATION.****President Cleveland Places All Pension Agencies Under Protection of the Civil-Service Rules.**

WASHINGTON, July 19.—For the first time in many years there was a misnomer Cabinet meeting in Washington this afternoon in the absence of the President. Secretary of State Olney apparently came to Washington from Falmouth